CARE INSTRUCTIONS FOR HOMEBRANDS FABRIC UPHOLSTERED DINING CHAIRS

The fabric on all chairs is neither machine washable or dry cleanable. However, please see below care instructions on how to look after the chair pads and spot clean spillages.

Regular Vacuuming

Dirt and dust cause fabrics to wear more quickly. Thoroughly vacuuming the upholstery on your dining chairs at least once a week will help keep them cleaner and brighter by preventing any dust or crumbs from penetrating the fabric and body of the furniture. These days, the majority of vacuum cleaners come with upholstery attachments ideally suited for furniture cleaning. Vacuuming also helps stop common allergens such as household dust mites from spreading.

Spot Cleaning

Liquid spills should be mopped up immediately using a clean towel – the stain should be blotted gently to remove excess liquid without pressing too firmly, working inwardly in order to prevent the stain spreading further. Your fabric upholstery cleaning guidelines may have approved spot cleaning products listed.

Coffee and Tea

Blot up as much of the spillage as possible with a clean absorbent cloth. Mix white vinegar and alcohol in equal parts, soak a lint-free cloth with the solution, apply to the stain by gently dabbing, then press the affected area with an absorbent cloth.

Alcoholic Drinks

Remove as much as excess liquid as possible

Dampen a clean cloth with surgical spirit (rubbing alcohol) and gently dab the stain. Blot the area with cold water mixed with a liquid detergent – it may be necessary to do this more than once. Dry the area with a towel then dab again with cold water and blot dry.

Soft Drinks

Mop up as much of the excess liquid as possible, then dab the stain with water and warm glycerine. Blot the area with a dry towel and then clean with cold water.

• Chocolate, Ice Cream and other deserts

Scrape any excess residue away using a clean knife, spot clean using water mixed with a liquid detergent. Blot dry and then clean with cold water.

Red Wine and Fruit Juice

Blot as much of the excess liquid away and then dab immediately with a mixture of surgical spirit (rubbing alcohol) and water – a ratio of 3:1.

• Greasy Sauces and Butter

Scrape the stain with a knife to remove any excess oil, then apply a mixture of water mixed with liquid detergent. Blot the stain dry and clean using cold water.

• Pressure marks on velvet

Indentation marks may occur where the velvet pile has been crushed by the packaging during transit. Give the area a light steam from a distance and then lightly brush the fabric in the direction of the pile- this will help lift the pile and remove any marks.